(b) Ephedrine

(d) Salbutamol

(a)

(c)

Isoprenaline

Atropine

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		nich of the following is H_2 rec	epto	r antagonist ?		
(iv)	Which of the following is 2		(b)	Pirenzepine		
	(a)	Omeprazole				
	(c)	Carbenoxolone		Ranitidine		
(v)	(0)	sulphamethor	cazol	azole and trimethoprim are in ratio of		
	In co-trimoxazore, our		(b)	1:5		
	(a)	2:1				
	(c)	1:1		5:1		
	Which of following alters cell membrane permeability ?					
(vi)	WI		(b)	Polymyxins		
	(a)	Glycopeptides		Cephalosporins		
	(c)	Tetracyclines				
(vii)	Which of the following is not first line choice for tuberculosis?					
(011)			(b)	man dia		
	(a)	PAS	(4)	Cyclosporine		
	(c)	Ethianamide				
(viii)	The drug inhibiting viral DNA synthesis:					
(0111)		Interferon	(b)			
	(a)		(d)	Acyclovir		
		Amanthadine				
(ix)	(ix) The drug used for amoebiasis treatment is:					
	(a)	Nitrofurantoin	(b)	Iodoquinol		
	(c)	Pyrazinamide	(d)	Mefloquine		
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(x)	The	drugs for the treatment of an intestinal form of amocbiasis are						
	(a)							
	(b)	Diloxanide and Streptomycin						
	(c) Diloxamide and Iodoquinol							
	(d)	Emetine and Metronidazole						
(xi)	The	anticancer alkylating drug, a derivative of chloroethylamine is:						
	(a)	Methotrexate						
	(b)	Cisplatin						
	(c)	Cyclophosphamide						
	(d)	Carmustine						
(xii)	The	anticancer alkylating drug a derivative of ethylinamine :						
	(a)	Mercaptopurine (b) Thiotepa						
	(c)	Chlorambucil (d) Procarbazine						
(xiii)	Which of the following are immunosuppresants?							
	(a)	Corticosteroids						
	(b)	Cycloporine						
	(c)	Tacrolimus						
	(d)	All of the above						

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(xiv)	Cyclosporine belongs to class of:						
	(a)	Interferons					
	(b)	Immunosupressive agent					
	(c)	Monoclonal antibody					
	(d)	Immunoglobulins					
(xv)	Cyclosporine has one of the following side effect:						
	(a)	Tremors					
	(b)	GI disturbance					
	(c)	Hepatotoxicity					
	(d)	All of the above					
(xvi)	ng treatment ?						
	(a)	Dicobalt EDTA					
	(b)	Hydroxycobalamine					
	(c)	Sodium nitrite					
	(d)	Dimercaprol					
(xvii)	cvii) The following are the features of opoid withdrawal excep						
	(a)	Seizures	(b)	Mydriasis			
	(c)	Insomnia	(d)	Hyperventilation			
(xviii)	Mon	oclonal antibodies is :					
	(a)	Transtuzumab	(b)	Rituximab			
	(c)	OKT-3	(d)	All of these			

		e poisoning?		
(xix)	Whi	ich of the following is antidote for morphine poisoning ?		
	(a)	Aspirin		
	(b)	Naloxone		
	(c)	Cyanide		
	(d)	N-acetylcysteine		
(xx)	Whi	ich of the following is derivative of alkylsulfonate?		
	(a)	Flurouracil (b) Carboplatin		
	(c)	Vinblastine (d) Busulfan		
Solve	any	two ;	20	
(i)	Discuss the mode of action, spectrum, ADME, adverse effects and			
	ther	rapeutic used of aminoglycosides.		
(ii)	Des	cribe life cycle of Protozoa. Classify antimalarial agents.	Explain the	
	pha	rmacology of chloroquine.		
(iii)	Wha	at are immunosuppresants ? Describe their mechanism	m of action.	
	Give	e a detailed account of corticosteroids.		
Solve	any	seven :	35	
(i)	Write a note on resistance to chemotherapy.			
(ii)	Classify antitubercular drugs and explain the chemotherapy			
	of T	.В.		
(iii)	Disc	cuss the mode of action and therapeutic uses of tetrac	ycline.	
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- (iv) Explain the role of reverse transcriptase inhibitors in the treatment of AIDS.
- (v) Write a short note on anti-asthmatic drugs.
- (vi) What is mechanism of action of fluoroquinolones? How resistance develops to them?
- (vii) Write a note on the treatment of amoebiasis and giardiasis.
- (viii) Classify antiulcer agents with mechanism of action of each class in brief.
- (ix) Write a short note on antifungal antibiotics.

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